UNESCO Chairs Webinar World Water Day







Global Environment Centre

Malaysia







PRESENTATION OUTLINE





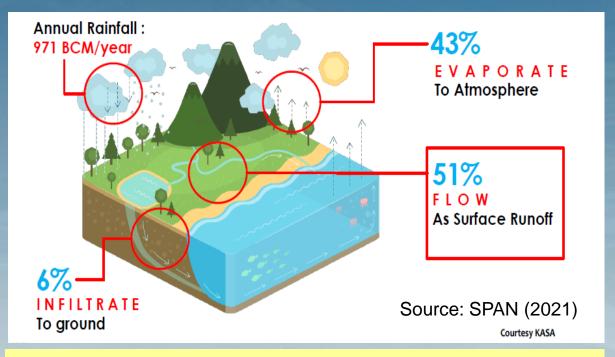






- * Water Resources in Malaysia
- * Natural River Characteristics
- * River Care Initiative through Nature Based Solution
- * Selected Case Studies
- * Conclusion

WATER RESOURCES in **MALAYSIA**



Everything is connected (SOURCE to SEA) Water Connection

















Rivers in Malaysia











- ❖ Played a major & important role in shaping & influencing the development of the nation & the cultures of its people.
- ❖ Almost all major towns in Malaysia are located beside a river.

Area	No.	Main River Basin (>80km²)
Peninsular	1,235	74
Sabah	1,468	75
Sarawak	283	40
Total	2,986	189 (cover 95% of land area)





Rivers are important as they support:

Economic development; Social and Cultural needs; Religious beliefs; Natural environment

Rivers provide water for:

- ➤ Drinking, Domestic use, Agriculture, Industry
- >Other services breeding areas; transport; recreational areas & hydropower

NATURAL RIVER CHARACTERISTICS











Natural River (Care)

- Human need to reconnect to nature and must learn to coexist with others
- How to balance the Human ethic with River ethic
 - Water Connection.
 - Understand the Basin Principle.

- River as Heritage @ Living Entity
- River Address

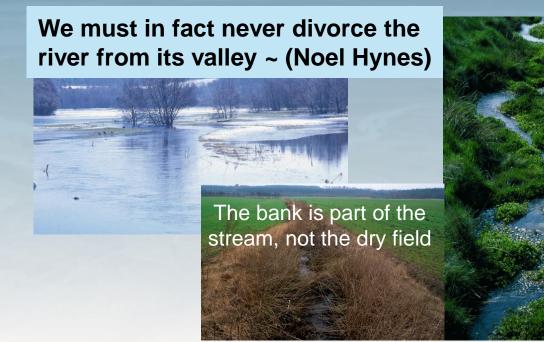
a. RIVER AS LIVING ENTITIES

River is an entire living entity

- ✓ Meanders
- ✓ Riffles and Pools
- ✓ Flora & Fauna especially aquatic life
- ✓ Others
 - Voice of the stream
 - Cleansing power

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b. The River & Its Valley



c. Natural River- Bio-engineers

Work with, not against the forces of stream

- Rivers are capable of self caring and self-purification which vital for self sustaining (Royal Commission report, 1913).
- Nature cannot be ordered about, except by obeying her (Francis Bacon)





Water for prosperity and peace











d. RIVERS' NATURAL PURIFICATION CAPACITY

- The self-recovery capabilities of each stream are not the same and depend on the characteristics of each river (Effendi, 2016),
 - > Flow velocity, water discharge volume, dilution and initial waste content in the river water.
 - > Agents : wetlands plants, pebbles, organisms
 - River get polluted when pollutant load > natural waste assimilation capacity
- General ecological rule:

LET THE CURRENT DO THE WORK

➤ Rejuvenates/revitalization the stream



Self-restoration

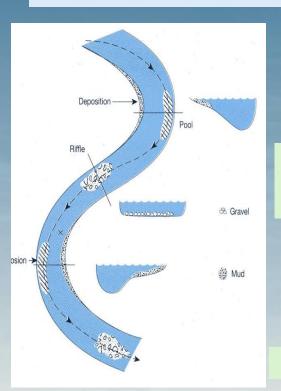


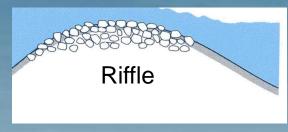


e. All streams are not equal

Meandering

- Their own flow & shape
- Spesific & individual funtions & benefits





Low, swift, noisy, many insects Shelter for small fish The "lung of the stream"



Deep, slow, Mud, Shelter for big fish













f. River & Ecology

The first step towards good ecological status in streams

Components:

- Main river body
- Lake/pond
- Drainage
- Water, Flora & Fauna

- River bank
- Water Current
- Natural process; flood

Good Ecological River

i. Good water quality

ii. Sufficient discharge

LIVING River

iii. Varied physical shape

g. River Address

Each river has its own address

For community reference, it can be divided into 3 aspects to determine your ecological 'river' address:



- STEP 1: Locate your house in the map given.
 Find the drain located within your housing area.
- STEP 2: Can you identify the nearest river? List down the name.
- STEP 3: Does the river leads into a 2nd river? List down the name.
- STEP 4: Follow the river flow until it reaches the sea. List down any connecting rivers on the way.



- 1. Which river basin is your home/ office building located in?
- 2. Where do you get your clean water source?
- 3. What happens to your wastewater?

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bamboo)



h. Nature Based Approaches

Nature-based approaches/solutions (NBS) are inspired and supported by nature and use, or mimic, natural processes to contribute to the improved management of water (UN Water, 2018).

	Water management issue	Grey infrastructure	Green Infrastructure	
	Water supply (quantity) regulation	 Dams Ground water pumping Water distribution systems WTP Barrage 	 Water catchment protection Reforestation Wetlands preservation/restoration Reconnecting rivers to floodplains Rainwater harvesting 	
	Water Quality regulation	WTPSWTPRWTPWWTPConcrete slopes	 Constructed wetlands Rain gardens Bio-retention and infiltration Vegetated swales Cleansing biotopes Natural vegetation on eroded banks (e.g. 	











GEC's River Care Initiative through Nature Based Approach







Global Environment Centre (GEC)













GEC's 25 Years of Building Partnerships for the Environment and Vision for the Future

- Established in 1998.
- Malaysian Non-profit Organisation (Reg. no. 473058-T).
- Supports information exchange & capacity building as well as undertaking strategic projects particularly in developing countries.





MOVING TOWARDS 2050, GEC HOPES TO SEE...

... HUMANKIND LIVING IN HARMONY WITH THE PLANET

RIVER CARE PROGRAMME VISION:

To have clean, healthy, living and vibrant rivers for people and the environment



MISSION:

Promote and support integrated management of river basins and water resources with particular focus on stakeholder engagement, community participation, waste management, biodiversity and wetland conservation and /or through nature based solutions as well citizen science approaches

GEC's PROGRAMME



RIVER Care



Forest & Coastal



Peatland



Outreach & Partnership









2002

2004

2007





2015

2016

2019

GEC'S 25 YEARS EXPERIENCE











1. OWNERSHIP

Reconnect To Nature, Stakeholders, River Address, Gazetting

2. CONSERVATION

Protection, Restoration, Biodiversity Conservation

3. REHABILITATION

Water quality improvement, Habitat creation/enhancement, River flow/hydrology

4. WASTE/POLLUTION REDUCTION

Pollution Prevention. Zero Waste

5. RIVER HEALTH: MONITORING

River Condition, Pollution Management

6. EDUCATE & RECONNECT PEOPLE TO NATURE

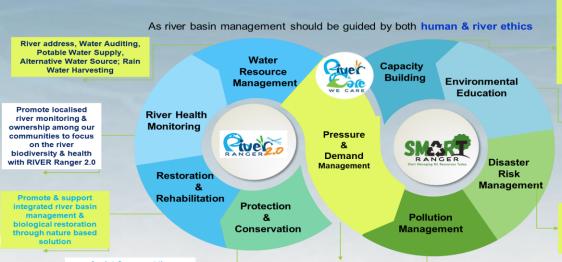
Ethics, Civic Science Approach

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KEY FOCUS AREA

- 1. River Conservation
- 2. River Rehabilitation
- 3. Water Resource Management
- 4. Pressure Management
- 5. Demand Management
- 6. Pollution Management
- 7. Disaster Risk Management
- 3. Potable Water Supply
- 9. Rain Water Harvesting

- 10. Nature Based Solution
- 11. Research and Study
- 12. National River Care Fund
- 13. Environmental Education
- 14. SMART Partnership
- 15. Stakeholder Engagement
- 16. Environmental Education Programmes
- 17. Volunteering & Outreach



Water balancing, Restore water table, treat wastewater.

regenerate water ecology

Nurtures caring, leadership skills, &critical thinking, & draws people into efforts to protect our environment – SMART Partnership, Stakeholder Engagement, National River Care Fund And Rive Care Award

Incorporate
Environmental
Component into
Research & Study,
Volunteering &
Outreach, Internship
and Partnership

Mitigate Climate Change, Slope Management, Watershed Management Flood Ranger & Drought Management

Promote Waste to Wealth, Community Economic Model, IWRM, Zero Waste and 4R2C Approach (SMART Ranger)

Our APPROACH THAT LEAD TO INITIATIVES











Balance HARD vs SOFT vs HEART APPROACHES

Put the CIVIC back into CIVIL ENGINEERING

To instill Sense of Ownership



To Enable Local
Action

Reconnect to NATURE

Water for prosperity and peace

Reconnect to Nature



Community Engagement Steps



SMART PARTNERSHIP OWNERSHIP, BENEFICIARY & STAKEHOLDERS



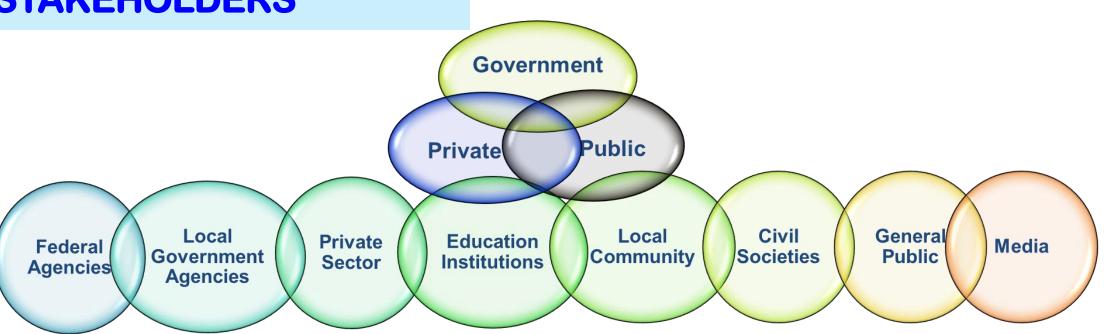












CASE STUDIES: NBS













a) Restoration



Restoration





Education: natural river characteristic



- At the upstream of Klang River, ✓ (near to the Klang Gate Dam) and Kampung Warisan)
- Natural wetland plants &
- Benefit: natural filtration: Source

Restoration – Clay dyke

- · Clay dyke is a new innovative method, where more than one hundred meters of peat was dug and replaced with clay which will serve as a retaining wall and water storage in that particular area. The clay dyke functions in preventing surface and subsurface seepage to adjacent areas. Clay dykes are usually constructed in the forest edges to maintain high water levels in the forest edges.
- Currently, 300meter claydyke is being constructed in Raja Musa Forest Reserve to support water storage for Selangor River Basin



Water Quality Improvement

Pilot Constructed Wetland Cell in Sg.Penchala Restoration - Clay dyke



- · Pilot project in selected stretch in Sg Penchala
- · Covering length of 400m
- · Aimed to improve water quality and biodiversity especially aquatic fauna

Construction of wetland cell to treat sewage





c) RIVER REHABILITATION

Sg. Way, Klang Basin





- River Within River' Concept
- Improved WQ :Class IV-V to Class III
- River beautification
- Improved aquatic biodiversity







CASE STUDIES: NBS











d) Reducing Pressure on Water Catchment

· Potable Water For Orang Asli



Water Demand Management

· Non Potable Water For Urban communities



☐Mainly used for garden and non-potable usage ☐Cut down usage of treated water for non-potable usage

e) Soil Bioengineering



CASE STUDIES: NBS

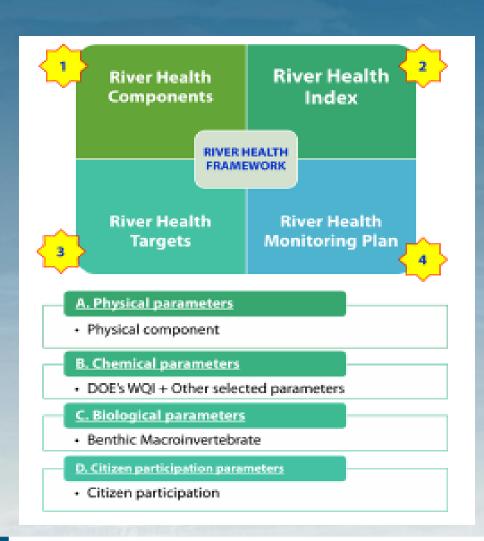




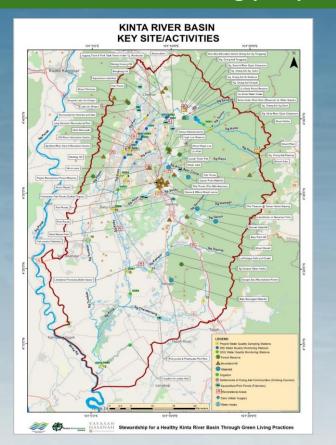




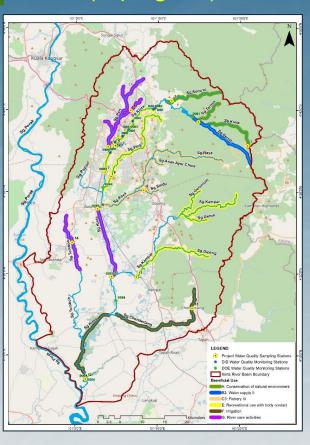




f) River Health Monitoring (RHI)



(In progress)



MALAYSIA'S BIG & SIGNIFICANT PROJECT BY MALAYSIAN GOVERNMENT



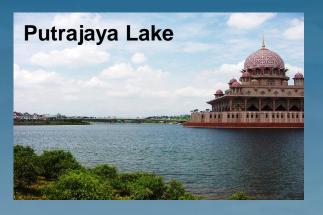
















Artificial wetland system to cleanse catchment (river) runoff



Underground Drainage in Build Up Area

Unlined Open Drain to provide a soft and natural surfaces

<u>Lake</u>

• 400 ha. (Designed for aesthetic values and activities such as recreation, fishing, water sports, water transport etc.)

Wetland

- 200 ha.
- Largest constructed freshwater wetland in the tropics
- Functions as a flood control system and a natural filter system for the Putrajaya Lake
- Filter pollutants before entering the lake
- Provides an extensive area for recreation and education
- Forms an essential part of the eco-system



OVERALL















- Nature-based solutions (NBS) can be vital to the sustainable river management (care) and use of nature for tackling socio-environmental challenges.
- Includes river health, water security, food security, disaster risk management, biodiversity protection /enhancement, well human health as well conserve connectivity between HUMA, FLORA, Fauna Environment (Healthy Planet).
- These solutions are inspired and supported by nature with **traditional knowledge**, which are cost-effective, simultaneously provide environmental, social, economic and spiritual benefits.
- Hard approach must be complimented with heart approach (soft approach) to optimize the impact of community on environment
- **Community** can be main **driver** for this approach (Water Sector Transformation, WST 2040)
- Community engagement is a creative skill and need right models & tools
 - RIVER Ranger **module** and River Care **tools**





RIVER CARE TOOLS

- Reconnect to nature
- River Address
- River monitoring
 - River Report card, Lake report card, water testing kits, river auditing tools, pollution mapping, YSI meter (probe)
- Water conservation
 - DrH2O Kit (Water Saving kits, Checklist, water Audit), Water Conservation Module
- River Education
 - ❖ Interactive board (ROLPOP5)
- Mobile River Care Unit (MRCU)
- Interactive River Games
- River monitoring & sharing
 - RIVER Ranger Website, WhatsApp's. Facebook, CITIZEN's EYE









RIVER RANGER @2.0











ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION

- RIVER Ranger Module
- SMART Ranger Module
- FLOOD Ranger Module
- RIVER Guide Action Book

- River Report Card
- Lake Report Card
- DrH2O Water Auditing Calculator & Toolbox
- Grab Bag & 72H Kit



- testing kits, river auditing tools, pollution

- DrH2O Kit (Water Saving kits, Checklist, water Audit). Water Conservation Module
- Interactive board (ROLPOP5

- RIVER Ranger Website, WhatsApp's,

CONCLUSION











- Water is Life; Water for Life River is out treasure; Living heritage Connectivity at all level and all the time (source to sea) Reconnection of human with nature is vital to get buy-in as well as to instill ownership ☐ River Care through Nature based Solution (approach) is best yet cheapest (cost-effective) sustainable a way forward approach □ SMART Partnership & Commitment/cooperation from all stakeholders are the key to success & sustainability - Government, private sector, Media, Public; River Care tools ☐ Action (citizen science) > To try, One does not have to be a scientist, or even have a high school diploma, in order to
- JUST DO IT
 Walk the Talk
 (No Talk Action Only)

All it takes is common sense; Perhaps backed up by a little intuition

experiment

THANK YOU & ACKNOWLEDGEMENT













GEC will to thanks all parties that supported US:

- 1. Government agencies especially DID Malaysia (as well HTCKL)
- 2. Private sectors
- 3. International funders
- 4. Community partners (IPLCs)







The following projects* that help GEC to implement River Care initiatives through NbS

- W.A.T.E.R Project : Sg Pencala River programme water stewardship
- Mainstreaming Biodiversity Conservation into River Management in Malaysia
- National River Care Fund (NRCF)
- Stewardship for a healthy Kinta River Basin through green living practices
- Restoration of lake with community/public participation to enhance lake biodiversity and ecosystem
- Empowering Community Livelihood in Upper Kinta Basin as part of Post COVID-19 MCO Strategy
- Alternative water supply for Rural Communities















FOR DETAILS, PLEASE REFER TO THE LINK:

(*but not limited to)

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https://www.gec.org.my/index.cfm?&menuid=333 http://www.riverranger.my/RiverineBioD/index.cfm http://www.riverranger.my/riverranger/index.cfm

















healthier environment; better economy; more cohesive society together we achieve more - Work with Nature Thank you!





#rivercarewecare #globalenvironmentcentre #riverranger; #smartranger; #drh2o









@globalenvironmentcentre

Website: www.gec.org.my



@GECtalks